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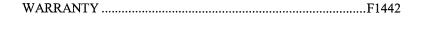


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USERS MANUAL P/N 24517 **60100XP KGDR** 24 FT BOOM





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# **CRANE SAFETY RULES**

#### **CAUTION!**

- 1. READ AND UNDERSTAND OPERATOR'S MANUAL.
- 2. INSPECT VEHICLE AND CRANE, INCLUDING ITS OPERATION BEFORE DAILY USE.
- 3. USE THIS EQUIPMENT ONLY ON SOLID LEVEL GROUND WITH OUTRIGGERS OR JACKSTANDS PROPERLY SET.
- 4. BEFORE OPERATING THE CRANE REFER TO MAXIMUM LOAD CHART ON CRANE FOR OPERATING LOAD LIMITS.
- 5. BE SURE LOAD BEING LIFTED IS WITHIN SAFE WINCH CAPACITY AS WELL AS SAFE CRANE CAPACITY. MULTI-PART LINE OPERATION IS REQUIRED WHEN SINGLE LINE LOAD CAPACITY OF WINCH IS EXCEEDED.
- 6. DO NOT OPERATE, WALK, OR STAND UNDER THE BOOM OR ANY SUSPENDED LOAD.
- 7. ALWAYS PAY OUT LOAD LINE BEFORE EXTENDING BOOM. WIRE ROPE DAMAGE AND / OR BREAKAGE MAY OCCUR.
- 8. BOOM MUST BE IN ITS REST BEFORE MOVING VEHICLE.
- 9. BOOM TIP MUST BE DIRECTLY OVER THE LOAD BEFORE ANY LIFTING IS STARTED. DO NOT DRAG LOADS WITH THIS CRANE.
- 10. MAINTAIN THIS CRANE AS REQUIRED IN THE OWNER'S MANUAL.
- 11.DO NOT ALLOW PERSONNEL TO RIDE ON THE LOAD LINE, LOAD, OR BOOM OF THIS CRANE.
- 12.IT IS UNLAWFUL TO OPERATE THIS EQUIPMENT WITHIN TEN FEET OF HIGH VOLTAGE LINE



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# INTRODUCTION

This crane is a powerful machine designed to lift and move heavy loads. There are many hazards associated with these operations. Liftmoore has designed this crane to be as safe as possible but -

IT IS THE OPERATOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO PREVENT ACCIDENTS!

This takes pre-planning, attention, and knowledge of basic principles and rules. Even if you have used similar cranes, reading this manual in its entirety will help prevent damage, injury, or even loss of life; benefits well worth the short amount of time it takes to read these pages.

#### REGULATORY AUTHORITY

Use of this crane is governed by OSHA 29 CFR 1910.180 and may be governed by other federal, state, or local regulations.

IT IS THE OPERATOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO UNDERSTAND AND COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE OPERATION, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE OF THIS CRANE.

Personnel should be trained, tested, and certified, as recommended by OSHA and ANSI standards, before operating this crane.

# **USING THIS MANUAL**

This manual assumes that the crane is mounted on a typical service body type or similar truck, which is powered by the vehicle electrical or hydraulic system, and is controlled by either the standard pendant control or FM radio control sold by Liftmoore, Inc.

This manual is supplied to provide basic guidelines for the safe use, routine maintenance, and general inspections of this crane.

Laws, regulations, standards, or policies may be more restrictive than this manual. If a conflict exists for any limit or condition, the safest or most prohibitive shall be used. Under no circumstances shall the load, moment, or stability ratings be exceeded.

Pay particular attention to the following:

**WARNING!** – Draws attention to hazards, conditions, or procedures that if not observed could result in injury or death.

**CAUTION!** – Draws attention to hazards, conditions, or procedures that if not observed could result in damage to the crane, load, or other equipment. Equipment failure could in turn lead to injury or death.

**NOTE!** – Draws attention to conditions or procedures that are essential to emphasize.

For questions, interpretations, or to report errors, please contact Liftmoore, Inc, Engineering Dept.



# **OPERATING RESTRICTIONS**

#### **DUTY CYCLE**

For Electric Cranes the duty cycle time should be limited to 10%. This is limited by heat buildup in the motors and declining charge in the batteries. (Installing extra batteries near the crane helps keep the voltage at maximum.)

#### **PERSONNEL**

LIFTING OR MOVING OF PERSONNEL IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED! This crane was neither designed nor intended to lift personnel. Under no circumstances should anyone be allowed to ride on the crane, line, or load. All non-essential personnel must be kept away when using the crane. The load must never be moved over people, nor must anyone be allowed to pass or stand under a suspended load.

## **ELECTRICAL LINES**

Consult ANSI B30.5 for operating procedures, minimum safe distances, and prohibited zones when working around electrical lines or poles.

When operating near electrical power lines, the crane must be positioned so that the distance from the crane to the lines or poles is equal to or greater than the length of the fully extended boom plus the minimum safe distance required.

All parts of the crane, line, and load must be kept a minimum safe distance from electrical power lines and poles. This distance is 10 feet for electrical lines carrying 50kV or less.

UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD A CRANE BE OPERATED UNDER ELECTRICAL POWER LINES.

# **OPERATING PRACTICES**

#### SETUP

**POSITION** The vehicle must be positioned so that the load is kept as close to the crane base as possible to reduce the moment on the crane. Consideration must be given to starting and ending position as well as firmness and slope of the ground and any obstructions.

**OUTRIGGERS** The outriggers or jackstands must be firmly set and the vehicle as level as possible. This will reduce the stresses on the rotation drive and keep the load off the vehicle's suspension. Keep in mind that the weight on the vehicle will shift as the crane and load is rotated.

**MANUAL BOOM EXTENSION** If the manual extension part of the boom is needed, it must be extended and the boom pin placed in the required position. Insert the pin and replace the pin's hairpin keeper before attempting to lift any load.

LOAD LIMIT The operator must understand the crane load chart. The operator must ensure that the load is within the load limits over the entire range which it will be moved. Be sure to include the weight of any lifting devices including the travel block.

The load limit chart is attached to the side of the crane to aid the operator.

The boom angle indicator and chart aids the operator in determining the load capacity at various boom angles and extensions. It also gives the load limit at that configuration.

**STABILITY** A stability chart must be posted near the crane. The operator must understand the stability chart. The crane may be de-rated over some areas of its operating radius.



**TRAVEL BLOCK** The operator must determine if the load is within the single line compatibility of the winch or if a multi-part line configuration is needed.

**REEVING** Ensure the proper routing of the rope through the sheaves and travel block. The rope must lie in the sheave groove and must not rub against any metal objects.

Ensure the rope is correctly wound on the winch drum. The crane assembly drawing will indicate if the rope must be wound over the top or bottom of the drum. The rope must never contact any part of the winch mounting.

#### WARNING!

If the winch winding direction is reversed the brake will not work and the load will fall.

#### ATTACHING THE LOAD

**POSITION** The boom tip must be moved over the load before lifting so that it will be lifted straight up.

## **CAUTION!**

Never drag a load with the crane. Dragging a load puts very high stresses on the crane for which it was not designed.

**ROPE** Check the rope condition to ensure it is not frayed or damaged. Ensure that the rope is not kinked and that it does not contact any sharp edges or make any sharp bends.

If using double line configuration, ensure that the lines are not twisted.

#### **CAUTION!**

Never wrap the hoist rope around the load! Serious damage to the rope WILL occur.

**HOOK** Always make sure the load is applied to the throat of the hook. Never use a bent hook.

#### **CAUTION!**

Always lift with the throat of the hook. Never lift with the load applied to the tip of the hook. Doing so will bend the hook.

**SLINGS** If the load does not have a lifting eye, use a nylon, chain, or other type of sling designed for lifting and rated for loads greater than that being lifted.

**BALANCE** Ensure the load will be secure and balanced when lifted. Ensure that the load cannot shift in the sling and that the sling cannot slide across the hook should the load become unbalanced.

#### LIFTING THE LOAD

Before lifting, ensure that the load is free from all mountings and is no way attached or stuck to anything.

Ensure that at least five full wraps remain on the winch drum at all times.

Test the winch brake by lifting the load a few inches and ensuring that it does not slip.



## **HOLDING THE LOAD**

The operator must keep the load in sight at all times once it is lifted.

The operator must never leave the controls once the load is lifted.

The operator must ensure that no one is allowed to pass or stand under a suspended load.

### **CAUTION!**

Never move the vehicle with a suspended load. Doing so will put dynamic loads on the crane for which it was not designed.

#### **MOVING THE LOAD**

Before moving the load, make sure the path is free of any obstructions or people.

Avoid sudden accelerations or stops. Speeds must be kept to a minimum, especially rotation, to keep the load from swinging.

Avoid sudden reversing of direction. Do not reverse direction while the load is still moving.

Make sure that no part of the crane, boom, or load makes contact with any obstruction or comes within a minimum of ten feet from any electrical line.

#### **TRANSIT**

While in transit, the crane must be stowed, preferably in a boom rest. The crane must be prevented from rotating and the hook prevented from swinging.



# INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

OSHA and ANSI require frequent and periodic inspections. Records of these inspections must be kept readily available. Liftmoore requires periodic maintenance to ensure proper operation and prolonged life of the crane.

#### INSPECTION

#### DAILY INSPECTION

OSHA 29CFR 1910.180 (d)(2)(i) requires the following be checked daily prior to use:

- All control mechanisms for maladjustment interfering with proper operation as well as for excessive wear of components and contamination by lubricants or other foreign matter.
- All safety devices for malfunction.
   This should include the anti-two block and pressure switch.
- Deterioration or leakage in air or hydraulic systems.
- Crane hooks with deformations or cracks. For hooks with cracks or having more than 15 percent in excess of normal throat opening or more than 10 deg. twist from the plane of the unbent hook.
- Electrical apparatus for malfunctioning, signs of excessive deterioration, dirt, and moisture accumulation. This should include the battery terminals, master disconnect switch, electrical swivel
- The wire rope shall be replaced if any of the following conditions are noted:
  - Kinking, crushing, birdcaging, or other damage

- Reductions from nominal diameter of more than onesixty-fourth inch for diameters up to and including five-sixteenths inch, one-thirty-second inch for diameters three-eighths inch to and including onehalf inch.
- Thimble is not in place or is damaged
- Any evidence of heat damage
- Six or more randomly distributed broken wires in 1 lay
- Three or more broken wires in 1 strand in 1 lay

#### MONTHLY INSPECTION

A thorough inspection of all ropes in use shall be made at least once a month and a certification record which includes the date of inspection, the signature of the person who performed the inspection and an identifier for the ropes shall be prepared and kept on file where readily available. All inspections shall be performed by an appointed or authorized person. Any deterioration, resulting in appreciable loss of original strength shall be carefully observed and determination made as to whether further use of the rope would constitute a safety hazard. Some of the conditions that could result in an appreciable loss of strength are the following:

- Reduction of rope diameter below nominal diameter due to loss of core support, internal or external corrosion, or wear of outside wires.
- A number of broken outside wires and the degree of distribution of concentration of such broken wires.
- Worn outside wires.



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- Corroded or broken wires at end connections.
- Corroded, cracked, bent, worn, or improperly applied end connections.
- Severe kinking, crushing, cutting, or unstranding.

#### PERIODIC INSPECTION

An Annual Inspection Form is included in this manual. OSHA 29CFR 1910.180 (d)(2)ii) requires periodic inspections of this crane. Liftmoore recommends an annual inspection using the included form.

#### MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS

Before any maintenance is performed, the vehicle should be out of the way and the crane secured.

#### **WARNING!**

Never perform any maintenance while the crane has any type of load on it. Use the manual operation procedure to lower the load if necessary.

#### **WARNING!**

Hydraulic cylinders may have high pressure stored in them even after hydraulic power is removed.

The counterbalance and pilot operated check valve in the cylinder will always hold some pressure in the cylinder. Slightly extending the cylinder then retracting a small amount will relieve most of the pressure in the cylinder. DO NOT DEADHEAD THE CYLINDER! This will store the maximum amount of pressure in the cylinder. Care should be taken when either valve is removed from the cylinder as some pressure will still remain.

After any maintenance has been performed the crane shall not be operated until all guards have been reinstalled, all safety devices reactivated, and maintenance equipment removed.

**LUBRICATION** Refer to the crane specification section for the periodic maintenance schedule and type of lubrication required.

BOLTS Bolts may loosen over time due to vibration; therefore they should be checked periodically. If bolts need to be replaced, make sure they are replaced with bolts of equal or greater strength. Check the periodic maintenance schedule (Crane Specification Section) for bolt specification and torque.

#### NOTE!

Sheave and boom and cylinder pivot bolts are not standard bolts. The shank and thread length of these bolts have been modified so that they do not pivot on the threads. Consult the parts section of this manual for part numbers of these bolts.

#### OTHER MAINTENANCE

Refer to parts drawings for any specific maintenance or adjustment procedures such as hydraulic winch brake, rotation drive gear set adjustment, ect.



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# MONTHLY INSPECTION REPORT

Serial Number_____

Crane Model No.____

Are Boom Hitch Pins and Keepers in place?	Yes	No
Wire Line Hook with Safety Latch Working?	Yes	No
Is Hook OK, (Not bent)?	Yes	_ No
Is Thimble on Wire Rope OK?	Yes	No
Is Traveling Block in use?	Yes	No
Is Wire Rope OK, not kinked or frayed?	Yes	No
Are all Boom Sections straight?	Yes	No
Are Sheave Bolts in place and tight?	Yes	No
Do all Sheaves rotate easily?	Yes	_ No
Are Mounting Bolts tight?	Yes	No
Is Anti Two-Block functioning properly?	Yes	No
Is Boom Angle Indicator in place and functioning and is Chart legible?	Yes	_ No
Are Cylinder Mounting Bolts secure?	Yes	No
Are Winch Mounting Bolts tight?	Yes	No
When stopped does winch drift less than 1.0 Inches?	Yes	_ No
Is Load Chart in place and easily read?	Yes	No
Are functions on Pendant operating correctly?	Yes	_ No
Is Hydraulic Reservoir full?	Yes	No
Is Outrigger straight and functioning?	Yes	_ No
Any items checked 'No' must be repaired before using this crane		



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#### **FM CONTROL SYSTEM**

K2FM - 2ND Generation KTFM (Hall Effect Trigger)

The Liftmoore FM control system Model KTFM is a microprocessor-based radio/CAN remote control system. It allows the operator to control the crane using FM radio signals or the digital Control Area Network (CAN) protocol.

The standard system consists of a transmitter, crane receiver/control system, CAN cable, and a battery charger. For systems with engine control an additional engine control receiver is included.

#### **RECEIVER**

The crane receiver is a self-contained control system. It contains the FM receiver, limiting system, and proportional valve driver (for proportional control cranes only). It receives power and safety circuit inputs (ATB and load sensor) from the crane. User inputs are received from the transmitter by FM radio signals or through the CAN cable. A green signal reception LED (light) and a red error code LED are provided for user diagnostics.

Error codes are indicated by counting the flashes of the red error code LED. The number of flashes represents the error code listed on the front of the receiver.

#### NOTE!

Error Code 1, which appears as continual, steady blinking, will remain active until a signal is received.

#### **TRANSMITTER**

The transmitter is a hand held unit which sends user input to the receiver by FM radio signals or by the CAN cable. Its features consist of an on/off push button switch, double acting momentary contact switches for each function, a 4 pin connector for attaching the CAN/charging cable, low battery light, and a transmit light.

For proportional control cranes a trigger is provided for speed control.

A Start/Stop toggle switch and an Engine High/Auxiliary toggle switch are provided for engine control. They work with the **optional** engine control receiver. If the crane was not ordered with this feature, it may be added. Contact your distributor or Liftmoore for more information.

The green transmit light will flash any time a user input is being transmitted.

#### E-STOP

This feature is located on the pendant control box. The **E-STOP** controls the electrical signal going to the Proportional Valve and the switches. When depressed, electrical power is disconnected. To restore power you must turn the button clock-wise until it pops back up.

#### **BATTERY AND CHARGING**

The transmitter is powered by a 9.6V Ni-Cad battery or from the crane power source when attached to the CAN cable. Connecting the transmitter to the CAN cable also charges the battery. To conserve battery power the transmitter will turn itself off if idle for 1 hour.

When battery voltage drops below 9V the battery light will blink once every 30 seconds. As the battery voltage continues to drop the light will blink faster.

Ni-Cad batteries can develop a "memory" and should not be left on the charger for long periods of time. Periodically they should be allowed to discharge fully then given a full charge. A full charge is achieved in 8 hours.

# COMPONENT REPLACEMENT

Each transmitter is encoded with a digital ID that is programmed to its specific receiver. The receiver then only accepts signals from that transmitter so multiple cranes may be operated in the same vicinity without interference. If either component needs to be replaced, the receiver must be



programmed to accept the new transmitter ID. This is easily done with a temporary wiring harness. Contact Liftmoore for more information.

#### **Normal OPERATION**

Turn on power to the crane and ensure the receiver is also receiving power.

Turn on the transmitter by holding the power button for at least a half of a second or until the power and transmit lights stop flashing. Note that when the flashing stops the green light will be on and remain on until the button is released.

Select a function and press the toggle switch in the desired direction as indicated on the label.

If the crane is a proportional control type, then <u>SLOWLY</u> squeeze the trigger after the function switch is activated.

#### NOTE!

If the trigger is pulled before a function switch is activated Error Code 7 will be active and the crane will not function. The trigger finger should remain off of the trigger until after a function is selected.

#### SPECIAL OPERATION

### CHANNEL LOCKING

If excessive interference is experienced, the transmitter can be set to use only one frequency.

To lock a channel, turn off the transmitter power then hold HOIST DOWN and ROTATION CCW while turning the power on.

The Low Battery LED will blink several times. The number of flashes will indicate the channel number that it is locked on.

Channel Lock will remain active until the transmitter is turned off.

#### POWER ADJUSTMENT

The transmitter can be set at one of 4 power levels. Increasing the power will increase the range and reliability, but will decrease battery life.

To change the power setting activate and hold ENGINE SPEED and BOOM UP for 3 seconds. The red (Low Battery) LED will flash from 1 to 4 times to indicate the power level.

The power level will remain set until changed by the user, even if the transmitter is turned off.

# ENGINE CONTROL (OPTIONAL)

If the FM system was ordered with the engine control option an engine control receiver will be included, if not it may be ordered separately. Contact your distributor or Liftmoore for more information.

# **TRANSMITTER**

Both engine control switches are double acting momentary toggle switches. One controls start and stop and the other controls high idle and an auxiliary function.

#### RECEIVER

Both the start and stop output signals are momentary, i.e. the output signal is on only when the switch is held.

The auxiliary output is maintained. When the switch is pressed the signal toggles, i.e. the first time the switch is activated the signal turns on, the second time it is activated the signal turns off.

The high idle signal can be set up as either maintained or momentary as needed. If a positive voltage is supplied to pin 5 then the output is momentary, otherwise the output is maintained.



# OPTIONAL ENGINE CONTROL RECEIVER INSTALLATION

The engine control functions allow the user to start and stop the engine and also advance the idle, all from the crane remote pendant control.

The following instructions provide a general guideline for installing and wiring the receiver. Since engine controls vary from manufacture to manufacturer and even from year to year, it is impossible for Liftmoore to maintain specific information on your vehicle. You will have to contact the vehicle and/or engine manufacturer (contact information is provided below). Also, many new vehicles have a provisions for remote engine control built into the ECU, but these functions must be activated and/or programmed buy a dealer or authorized service center.

#### MOUNTING THE RECEIVER

The receiver should be mounted vertically with the antenna up. For best reception, it should be mounted in line of site of operator. Since interfacing connections will generally be inside the cab, a good mounting place is the inside, back the cab with the antenna visible though the back glass. The receiver can be mounted outside of the cab, however it should NOT be mounted inside the engine compartment because of interference generated by the engine.

## **ENGINE START**

Engine start is accomplished by splicing the brown wire on the engine receiver control harness with the ECU start circuit.

#### WARNING!

Engine start may bypass some manufactures safety functions such as clutch or neutral interlock. It is the installer's responsibility to ensure safe and proper installation.

#### **ENGINE STOP**

If the ECU is not equipped with a remote engine kill circuit then a normally closed relay must be installed in the ECU power or engine run circuit. The gray wire on the engine control receiver harness is then connected to the solenoid coil. Activating the circuit will open the solenoid, killing the engine.

#### NOTE!

It is advisable to include a small jumper wire that can be installed to bypass the solenoid should it fail, otherwise the engine would not run.

#### **ADVANCED IDLE**

Many new diesel engines have an advanced idle control circuit built into to the ECU. Some automatically advance the idle when the PTO is activated. This feature may have to be activated and/or programmed by the dealer.

#### NOTE!

Some engines also require activating a PTO circuit to prevent "Service Engine Soon" or other erroneous errors during PTO operation.

For gas engines or engines without this feature, an after-market throttle advance will have to be purchased separately.

#### CONTACT INFORMATION

Your truck or engine dealer should be able to provide you with further assistance. Also check the manufacturer's body builder manual (some provided online). Before calling, please have your vehicles make, model, year, engine size and manufacturer, and VIN if available.

Ford Body Builders Advisory Service 1.877.840.4338 www GM Upfitter Integration 1.800.875.4742 www Peterbilt 1.940.591.4000 Caterpillar 1.800.847.4986 Cummins 1.800.343.7357

www.fleet.ford.com/truckbbas www.gmupfitter.com



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# SAFETY SYSTEM

The safety system is designed to help prevent damage to the crane that would be caused by overload or two-blocking. The system consists of a load sensor, anti-two block device (optional on smaller, electric cranes), and limiting system control board.

When the applicable switch detects an overload or two-block condition, the limiting system will prevent activation of winch up, boom down, and extend out since these directions would cause damage. Winch down, boom up, extend in, and power rotation will still function so that the crane can be moved to a safe configuration.

#### **CAUTION!**

Never de-activate or override safety functions. Doing so can result in serious damage to the crane and possibly injury or death.

#### LOAD SENSOR

A pressure activated switch in the elevation cylinder acts as a load sensor. This switch is normally closed and opens at the preset pressure corresponding to the load rating of the crane.

#### **CAUTION!**

The load sensor will not function when the elevation cylinder is fully retracted and is inaccurate when the boom is below horizontal.

#### **CAUTION!**

The operator must never rely strictly on the load sensor to determine overload conditions. The load and load limits must always be known and adhered to.

#### ANTI-TWO BLOCK

The anti-two block device (optional on smaller electric cranes), mounted on the boom crown plate, consists of a normally open switch actuated by a lever. A weight is attached to the lever and holds the switch

closed. If the weight is lifted by the hook or travel block the switch opens.

The power and signal wires are wired through the cord reel, which is in turn wired to the ATB switch.

# LIMITING SYSTEM CONTROL

The limiting system control prevents output of winch up, boom down and extend out if it is not receiving a signal from either the ATB or load sensor.

The ATB does not trip boom down when winch is mounted on the boom.

There is a one second delay before deactivation of boom down when the load sensor is tripped to prevent false readings caused by pressure spikes.

# **MISCELLANEOUS**

## **UP LIMIT SWITCH**

The up limit switch prevents the elevation cylinder from reaching full extension. If the elevation cylinder were to "dead-head", the resulting pressure would activate the load sensor, preventing boom down. The boom would then have to be lowered using the manual operation buttons on the solenoid valves.

### **CIRCUIT BREAKER, FUSE**

For electric cranes a 150 Amp circuit breaker is supplied with the crane. It should be installed as close to the battery as possible. For hydraulic cranes a 10 Amp blade type fuse is supplied.

#### **DISCONNECT SWITCH**

A power disconnect switch is supplied with the crane. Power to the crane should be turned off whenever not in use. This is to prevent inadvertent or unauthorized use and will help prevent corrosion at electrical connections.



### HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

Integrated Hyd Proportional

The hydraulic system consists of the hydraulic swivel, manifold with solenoid valves, cylinders, motors, and tubing and hoses. Hydraulic power is received from an external hydraulic source, typically a PTO driven pump attached to the vehicle transmission. The hydraulic system uses open center valves in series so that multiple functions can be operated simultaneously.

### **SWIVEL-** (NOT USED IN 1032 OR 1640)

The hydraulic swivel is a two-port swivel that allows continuous, unlimited rotation. Refer to drawing for more information.

### **MANIFOLD - DWG 50482**

The hydraulic manifold consists of a differential pressure sensing flow control valve, the system relief valve, proportional flow control valve, and 4 way directional control valves.

The differential pressure sensing (DPS) valve is a pilot operated pressure compensated flow control cartridge valve located in cavity CT1. It supplies the required flow to the manifold and returns excess flow to the tank so that pressure drop and heat build up are minimized.

The system relief valve prevents damage that would be caused by excessive pressure in the system. It is a cartridge type valve located in cavity CT2. Factory setting is 2800PSI.

The proportional valve is an electrically operated flow control valve. It allows the operator to control the flow, and therefore the speed, of the selected functions. The flow output is directly proportional to the electrical input. The valve may be operated manually by depressing the manual operation button on the top of the valve.

Each hydraulically operated function is controlled by a 4 way, 3 position open center solenoid valve. It is electrically operated and spring biased to center. A manual operation button is incorporated in the coil retaining nut.

#### **CYLINDERS**

Hydraulic cylinders are double acting cylinders with integrally mounted counterbalance valve and pilot operated check valves. Refer to the cylinder drawings for specific information.

All cylinders use a counter-balance load holding cartridge valve on the extend port. This valve performs 3 functions:

- Controls the rate of decent when lowering the load
- Keeps load from falling in the event of sudden loss of system pressure, such as when a hose bursts.
- Acts as a relief valve to prevent damage from induced load or thermal expansion.

It allows free flow to extend then blocks flow until opened by pilot pressure to the retract port or when the relief pressure is reached.

Some cylinders utilize a pilot operated check valve on the retract port to prevent the cylinder from creeping out under no load conditions. This valve allows flow into, but prevents flow from the retract port, thus hydraulically locking the cylinder until opened by pilot pressure to the extend port.

#### **MOTORS**

The hydraulic motors used by the rotation drive and hydraulic winch are high torque, low speed constant displacement motor.



#### MANUAL OPERATION

If electrical problems occur the solenoid valves may be operated manually. Refer to the manifold drawing for function valves and directions.

Directional control valves are manually operated by depressing the boot at the end of the valve. Use a blunt object (e.g. bolt or screwdriver handle) to assist in the operation.

Proportional valves are operated with either a boot or a small screw. Depress the boot or turn the screw slowly while operating a function to determine optimum speed. Turning the screw all the way in will result in rapid crane movement.

If hydraulic power is lost while a load is suspended, the load may be lowered by decreasing the setting on the counterbalance valve. This should only be done in extreme cases. The valve must be reset before the crane is returned to use.

To decrease the setting, loosen the locknut on the valve, then slowly turn the adjustment stem CLOCKWISE until the load begins to lower. Count the number of turns so that the valve can be returned to its original setting.

Alternately, a pressure gage must be put on the retract port to adjust the setting so that approx. 1800 PSI is required to lower the boom with no load.

Test the setting by lifting a known load near the moment rating of the crane.



# **BASIC TROUBLESHOOTING**

The following chart gives a quick reference to help identify and correct problems. Refer to the following pages for more detailed information.

PROBLEM	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
NO FUNCTIONS WORK	Not receiving electrical power	Check all connections Check all fuses and circuit breakers Check for electrical power at first electrical connection and trace back to crane
	Not receiving hydraulic power	Check flow from pump Deadhead cylinder and check pressure at pump
	Control problem	See control section
FUNCTION NOT WORKING		
Boom down, winch up, extension out not working	No signal from ATB or Load sensor (switch tripped, bad switch, bad wiring or not receiving power)	Check input signal to relay board if no signal, trace back to switch
	Relay card malfunction	Check LEDs on board for error codes and outputs
Boom down, winch down, extension in not working	Not receiving enough pressure	Deadhead cylinder and check pressure at pump
		Check differential pressure valve for contamination
		Check relief valve for proper setting and possible contamination
Other function not working	Faulty wiring	Check all wiring for breaks or shorts Check all ground wires for good connection
	Valve coils bad	Check coil resistance
ALL FUNCTIONS SLOW	Not receiving enough flow	Check fluid levels Check all filters and any other restrictions
* These items only apply to cranes with proportional control systems.	* Low battery voltage	Check with engine running Charge battery
	* Proportional valve problem	Try manual operation of proportional valve
		Check voltage at valve for approx. at min and max(see troubleshooting form for specific valves)
	* Control problem	See control section



# TROUBLESHOOTING FM CONTROL SYSTEM

Kar-Tech 21318

If the crane does not operate, ensure that both the transmitter and receiver are on. Try disconnecting power to the crane receiver then reconnecting.

Check that the green transmit light on the transmitter and the green receive light on the receiver light up when a function is selected.

When the red and green lights on the transmitter blink simultaneously, the pressure switch is overloaded, and the crane will not elevate down, extend out, and winch up. If the ATB is off, the red and green lights on the transmitter will blink alternately, and the crane will not elevate down and extend out.

Check for error codes and correct as necessary.

#### NOTE!

Error Code 1 will be active until a signal is received, as indicated by the green light illuminating.

Check that all connectors are secure.

Check for bent pins on the receiver connectors.

If the crane still does not work, try using the CAN cable. If the system works with the CAN cable the problem may be that the batteries on the transmitter are low.

If unable to resolve the problem, please contact Liftmoore, Inc. for further information.

#### **ERROR CODE CHART**

	PROBLEM
1	RADIO OR CAN SIGNAL PROBLEM
2	LOW ENGINE BATTERY
3	ATB SWITCH OFF
4	OVERLOAD (PRESSURE SW ON)
5	E-STOP BUTTON PUSHED
6	WRONG TRANSMITTER OR BAD ID
7	TRIGGER ON BEFORE FUNCTION SWITCH
8	TRIGGER PROBLEM
9	FAULTY CIRCUIT TO ROTATION CW
10	FAULTY CIRCUIT TO ROTATION CCW
11	FAULTY CIRCUIT TO EXTENSION OUT
12	FAULTY CIRCUIT TO EXTENSION IN
13	FAULTY CIRCUIT TO BOOM UP
14	FAULTY CIRCUIT TO BOOM DOWN
15	FAULTY CIRCUIT TO HOIST UP
16	FAULTY CIRCUIT TO HOIST DOWN
17	FAULTY CIRCUIT TO PROP OUPUT



# TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY SYSTEM

DTCH Relay Card

To check functions controlled by the safety system check the status indicators. (See Relay Box Assembly drawing.) If only one of the safety functions is not working, activate that function and check for error codes and/or its output status indicator.

For non-FM systems, if the status indicator lights then the problem is in the wiring or in the solenoid coil. If the light does not illuminate, check the control pendant. If the control pendant is good then the crane control module needs to be replaced.

For FM systems, check for error codes. If none are present, see the FM Troubleshooting section.

If boom out, boom down and winch up are not working, confirm that the control board has power. Confirm that the board is receiving a signal from the ATB and load sensor.

If the error code is active, ensure that the crane is not overloaded and that the ATB lever is holding the switch closed. Check for voltage at the ATB and Load Sensor inputs.

#### CHECK LOAD SENSOR SWITCH

If the load sensor input is not receiving voltage, locate the load sensor connector inside the crane housing. The plug side will have a red wire and a gray wire, the receptacle side will have a red and a white wire.

Disconnect and check for continuity between the two pins on the receptacle (switch side). If there is no continuity then the load sensor is bad and needs to be replaced.

#### CHECK ATB SWITCH

If the ATB input is not receiving voltage remove the ATB housing cover and disconnect the connector. Check for continuity on the switch side. Lifting the weight should break the continuity. If either of these conditions is incorrect the switch is bad and needs to be replaced.

#### CHECK CORD REEL

Check the ATB switch if not done so already. Locate the ATB connector inside the crane housing. The plug side will have a red wire and a black wire. The receptacle side will have a white wire and a black wire.

Disconnect the plug going to the switch. Check for continuity between the two pins on the receptacle. Have someone lift the weight on the ATB and continuity should be broken. If either of these conditions are incorrect then the cord reel is bad and needs to be replaced.

#### CHECK POWER TO SAFETY SWITCHES

If the safety switch is good, check for voltage at pin 1 (the red wire) on the plug. If there is no voltage, follow the wire back to the 6-pin power distribution plug, checking for breaks or shorts.

Remove the power distribution receptacle (cap).

#### NOTE!

Removing the cap will disconnect power to all electrical components. Be sure to replace the cap before continuing.

Check the cap for bent pins. Check that all wires are fully seated in the plug. If they are not, then remove the green locking wedge and push the wires forward until seated. Reinstall the wedge ensuring that no wires are pushed back.



# TROUBLESHOOTING THE PROPORTIONAL SYSTEM

19743/21398, Pot Trigger, 12V Duplomatic Coil

If no functions work or if all functions are slow when controlled by the pendant, but work correctly when the manual operation button is pressed on the proportional valve then the problem is with the proportional control system.

#### **Proportional Valve Parameters**

Cracking voltage 1.7V Full open voltage 10.0V Coil Resistance  $6.8\Omega$ 

#### CHECK VOLTAGE AT VALVE

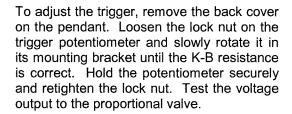
Have the engine running to generate sufficient voltage (13-14V). As the trigger is pulled the valve voltage should start near zero, jump to the valve cracking voltage after slight trigger travel, increase steadily as the trigger is pulled, reaching the full open voltage as the trigger nears its end of travel.

If the input voltages are correct, check the resistance across the coil. If the resistance differs significantly from the nominal resistance replace the coil. If the resistance is good replace the valve.

#### **CHECK TRIGGER**

If a trigger error code is received, check the trigger resistance. If the released K-B resistance is incorrect but the difference between the pulled and released is at least  $300\Omega$  then the trigger needs to be adjusted. Otherwise it must be replaced.

BETWEEN WIRE COLOR	BETWEEN PINS ON PLUG	TRIGGER	
ON TRIGGER (FM & PENDANT)		RELEASED	PULLED
RED-BLK	A - B	900	1250
RED-WHT	A - K	900	900
WHT-BLK	K-B	180	450-600
All resistance in Q. Tolerance of ±10%			%



THE FOLLOWING APPLIES TO NON-FM CONTROL SYSTEMS ONLY. FOR FM SYSTEMS, REFER TO THE FM TROUBLESHOOTING SECTION OR CONTACT LIFTMOORE, INC FROM MORE INFORMATION.

If the trigger resistance is good, check the trigger input voltage - Pin A on the crane control socket. It should be between 4V and 5V. If it is not then check the D3 indicator on the control module circuit board. If it is not lit check the input voltage and ground inputs to the module. If these are good then the crane control module needs to be replaced.

#### CHECK VALVE DRIVER BOARD

Remove the crane control module board from its enclosure. Ensure D3 is illuminated, indicating the board has power. Check the error code display. If error code 5 is active, pull the trigger slightly and it should clear. If it does not, pull the trigger all the way. The error code should clear and proportional valve output indicator should light.

#### VALVE DRIVER CALIBRATION

If the trigger is functioning properly and the proportional valve is still not receiving proper voltage, then the valve driver needs to be calibrated

- 1. Remove the board from its enclosure
- Pull the trigger slightly and adjust potentiometer R1 until the output is approximately cracking voltage.
- 3. Pull the trigger all the way and adjust potentiometer R2 to adjust the output to approximately full open voltage.

If the desired results cannot be achieved reset the potentiometers by turning each 21 turns CCW, then Turn R2 5 turn CW then repeat steps 2 and 3. Seal with fingernail polish when complete.



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# **SECTION 3 CRANE SPECIFICATIONS**

# **MODEL 60100 CRANES**

MOMENT RATING 60000 FT-LBS

MAX SINGLE LINE LOAD 5 000 LBS MAX DOUBLE LINE LOAD 10 000 LBS

LIFTING CAPACITIES AT VARIOUS LOAD RADII

LOAD RADIUS	CAPACITY
(FT)	(LBS)
<6	10000
7	8571
8	7500
10	6000
12	5000
14	4286
16	3750
18	3333
20	3000
21	2857
22	2727
24	2500

#### POWERED FUNCTIONS AND EXPECTED TIMES

WINCH UP: 14 s DOWN: 16 s 1 REVOLUTION

**BOOM ELEVATION** UP: 30 s DOWN: 25 s **BOOM EXTENSION** OUT: 44 s 54 s IN:

**ROTATION** 90° 11 s

HYDRAULIC REQUIREMENTS

2750 PSI **PRESSURE FLOW** 6 GPM

**ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS** 

**VOLTAGE 12 VDC FUSE 15 AMP** 

NOTE: FUNCTION TIMES ARE BASED ON THESE INPUT VALUES



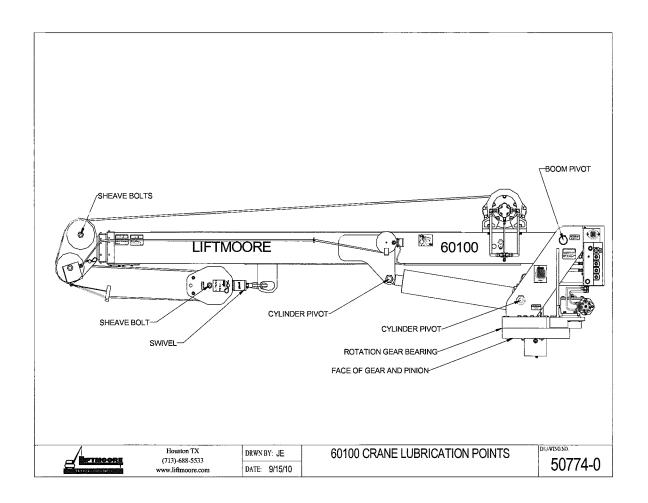
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PERIOI	DIC MAINTENANCE SO MODEL 60100 CRANES	CHEDULE	
	BOLTS		
MOUNTING BOLTS	1.25-7 GRADE 8 TORQUE 1,875 FT-LBS DRY	EVERY 4 MONTHS	
BEARING BOLTS	5/8-11 GRADE 8 TORQUE 220 FT-LBS DRY	EVERY 4 MONTHS	
	LUBRICATION		
GREASE FITTINGS	SEE DRAWING 50048	EVERY OTHER WEEK	
HYDRAULIC FLUID	STANDARD Chevron AW Hydraulic Oil 46 or equivalent SAE 15 weight oil  COLD WEATHER AW 32 or equivalent SAE 10 weight oil	CHECK DAILY, FILL AS NEEDED	
WINCH GEARBOX	SAE 90 lubricant oil or Swepco #201 Multi-Purpose Gear Lube	EVERY MONTH	
ROTATION GEARBOX	EP 01 Grease	EVERY MONTH	
BEARING (ZERK AND TEETH)	Oil Center Research PM 600 Military grease or equivalent Benton Based Grease NLGI Grade 2	EVERY 6 HOURS OF OPERATION	
воом	Coat with "Slip Plate" made by Superior Graphite or similar solid lubricant coating	AS NEEDED	





# **CRANE LUBRICATION POINTS**



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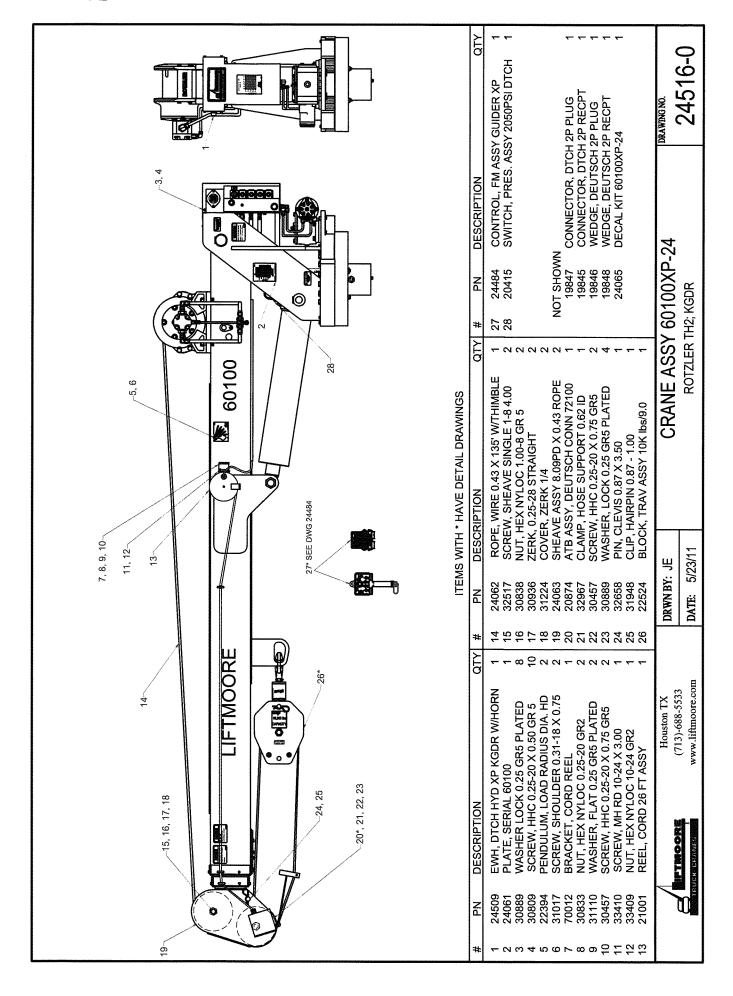
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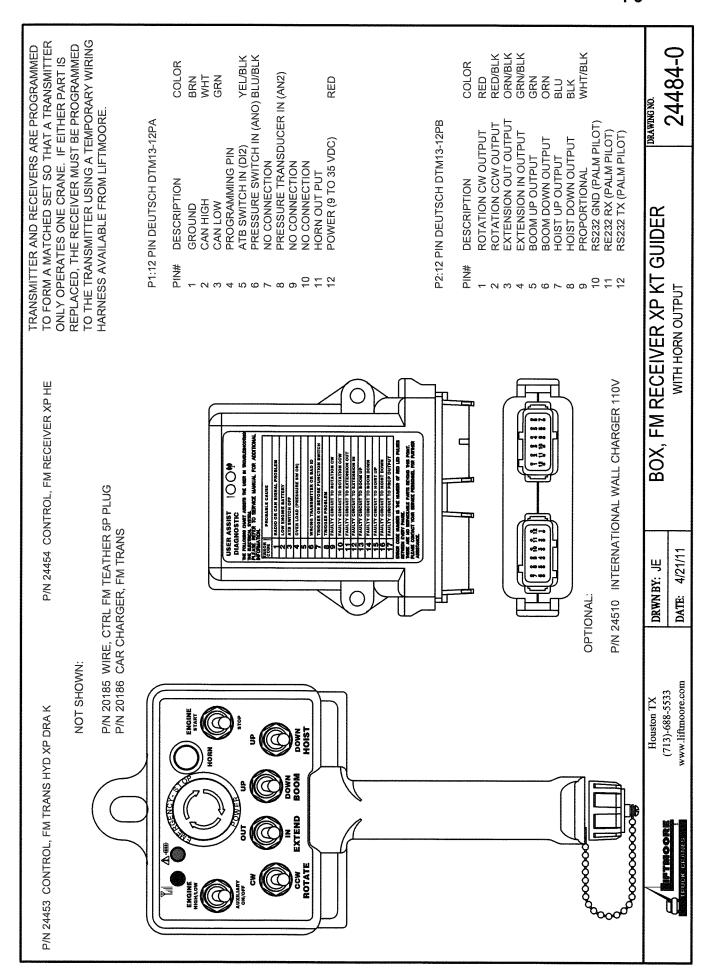
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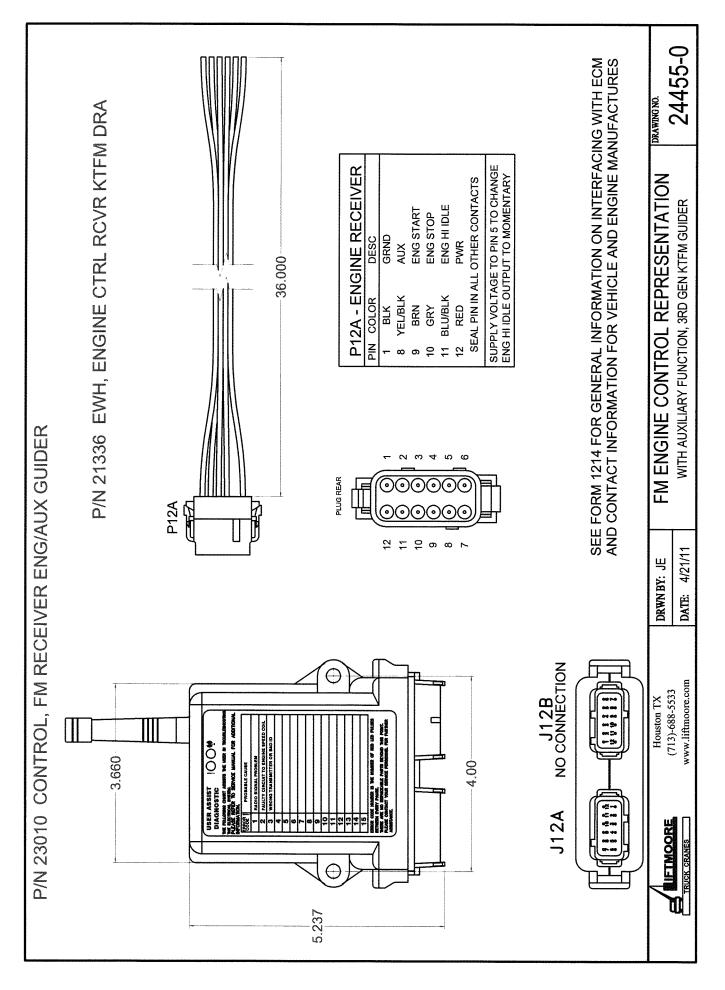
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2) P/N 19487 - CW, 10 GA X 300"	1pc
3) P/N 18457 - FUSE HOLDER, ATO 12GA SEALED	
4) P/N 21154 - FUSE, 30 AMP BLADE	
5) P/N 32613 - ADAPTER, 8MJ-10MJ	
6) P/N 17012 - SWITCH, TOGGLE SPST MAINT. /S	
7) P/N 17011 - BRACKET, SWITCH MNT. HYD. CRN	
8) P/N 16781 - TERMINAL, RING 10-12 GA #8	
9) P/N 17013 - PLATE, ON-OFF FOR TOGGLE SWCH	
10) P/N 18600 - PLATE, CRANE-TRUCK STABILITY	
11) P/N 22868 - INSTALLATION INTS. 72100	-
12) P/N 24067 - DECAL, LOAD CAPACITY 60K-11-24	

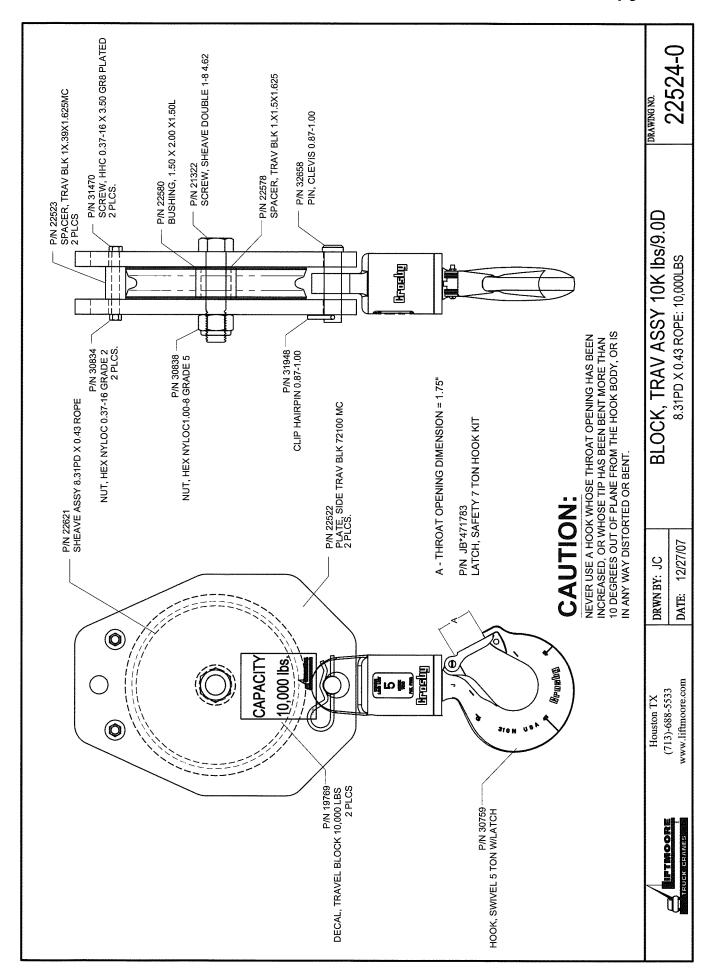


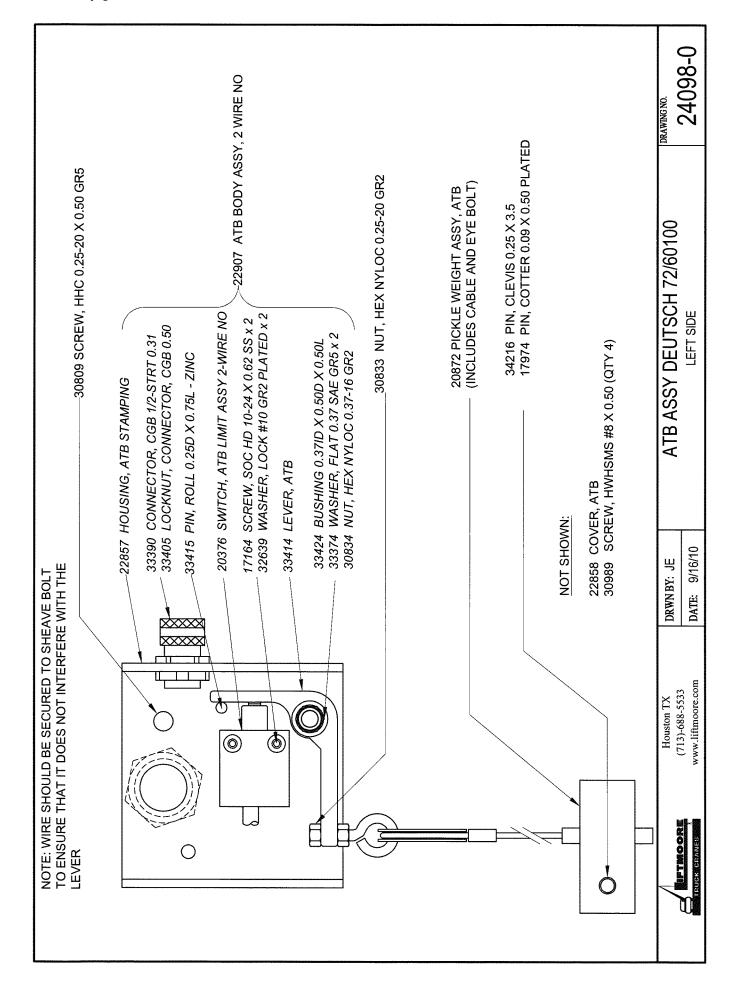
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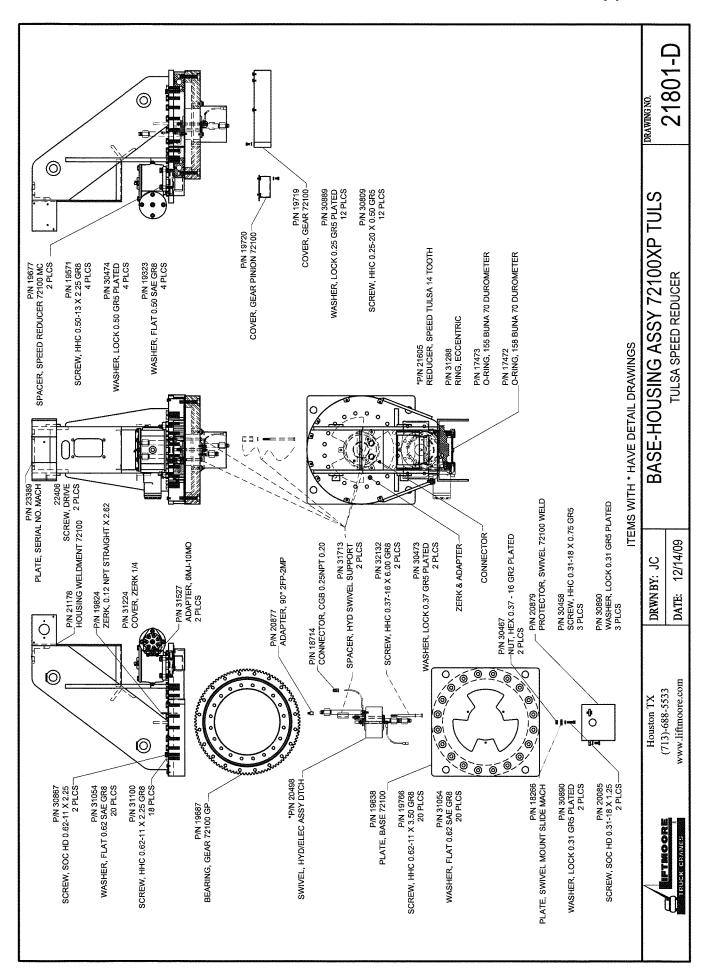


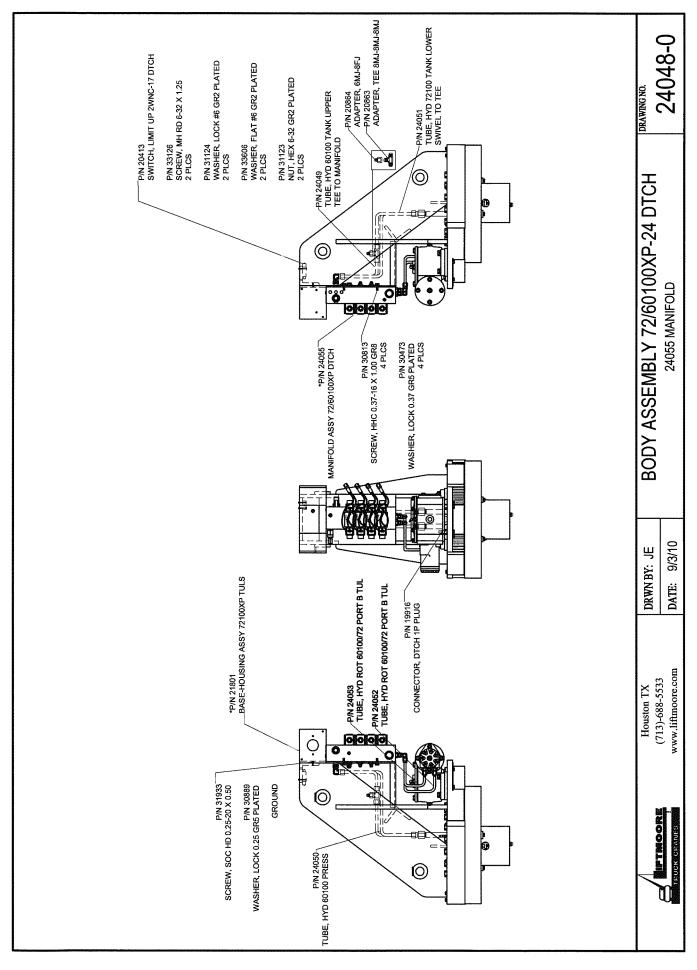


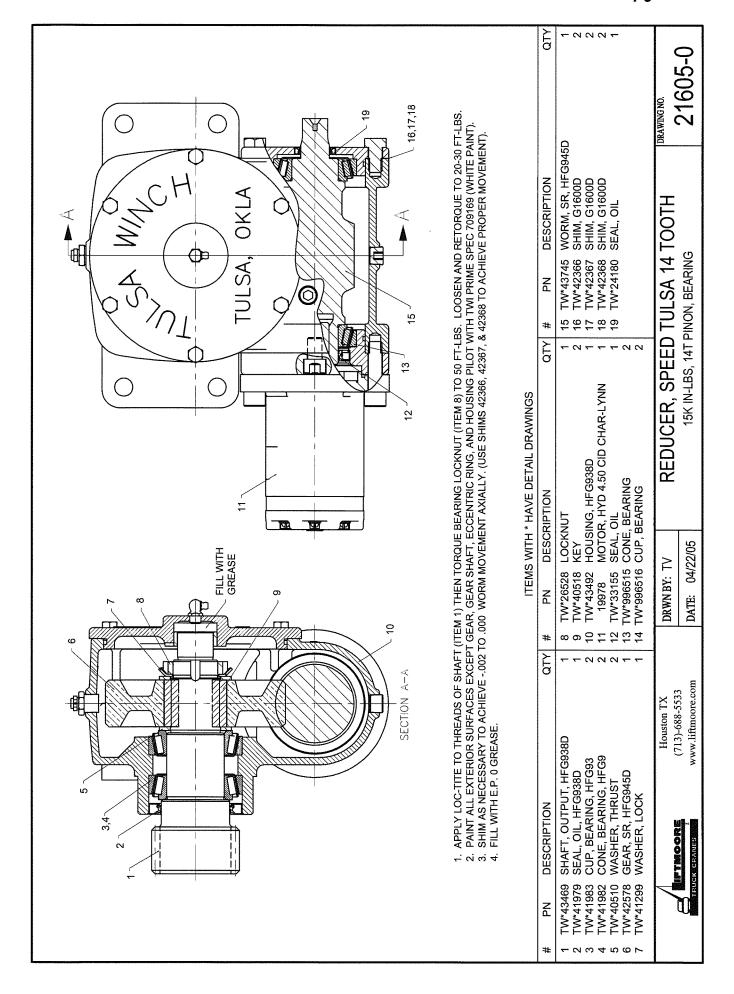


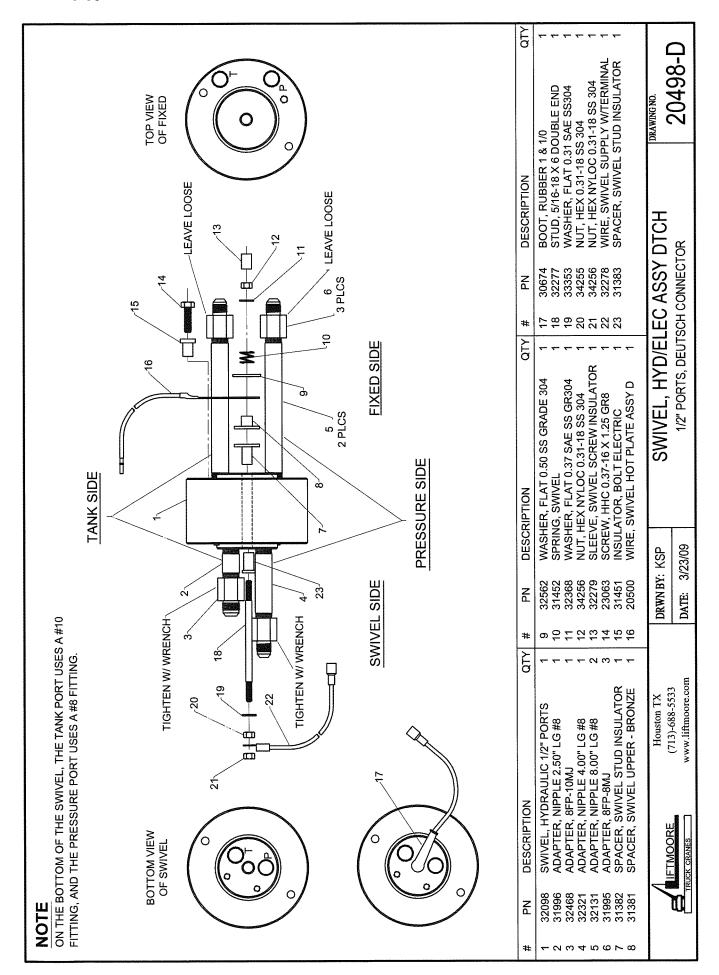


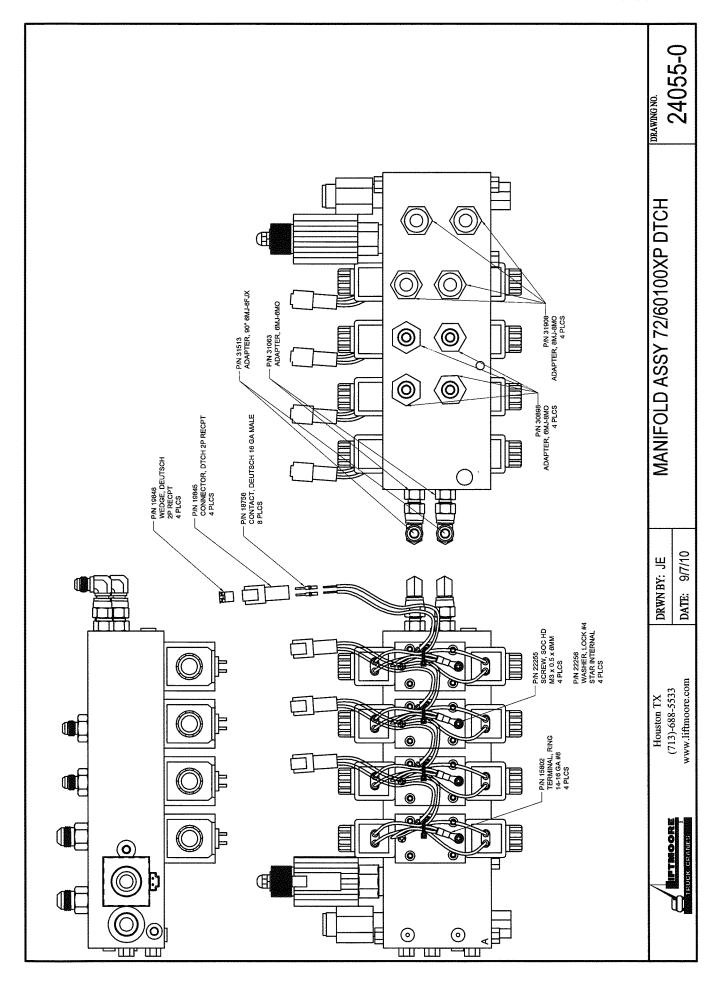


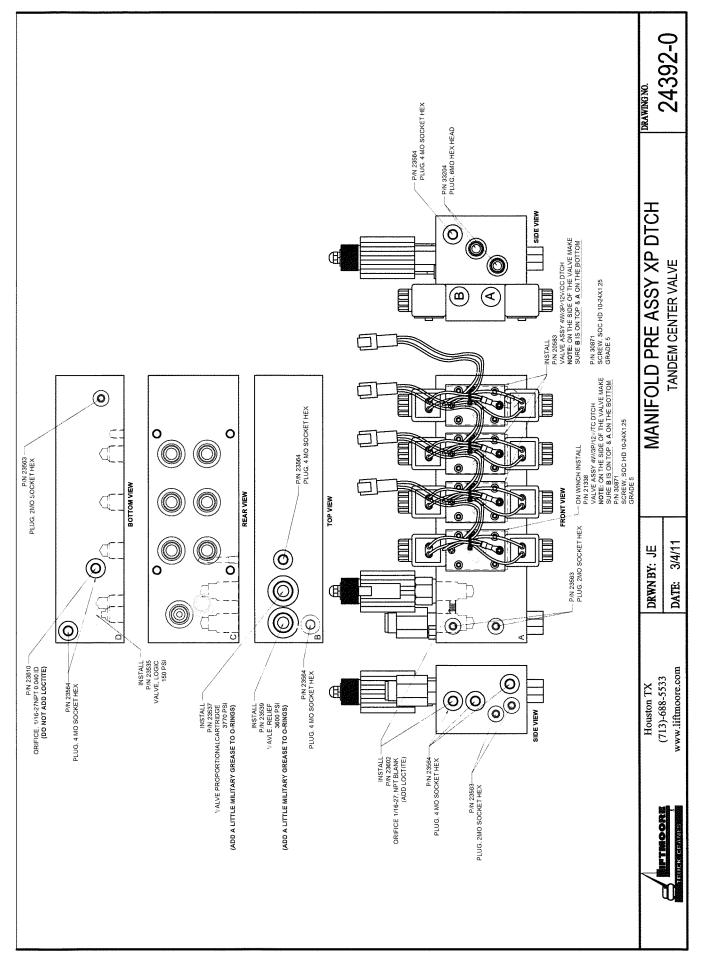


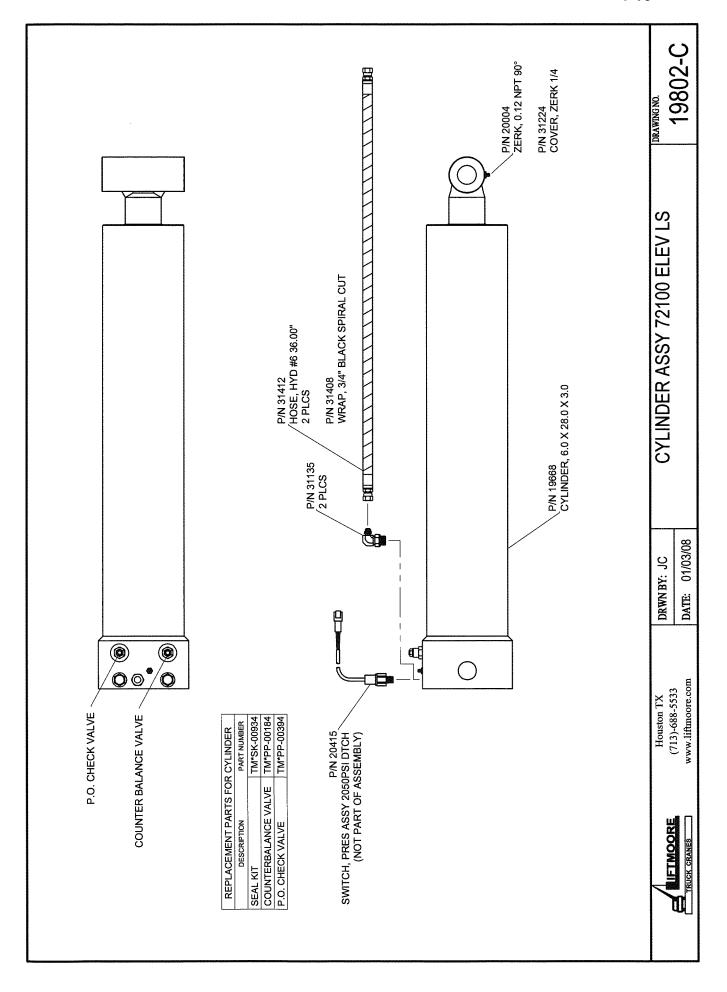


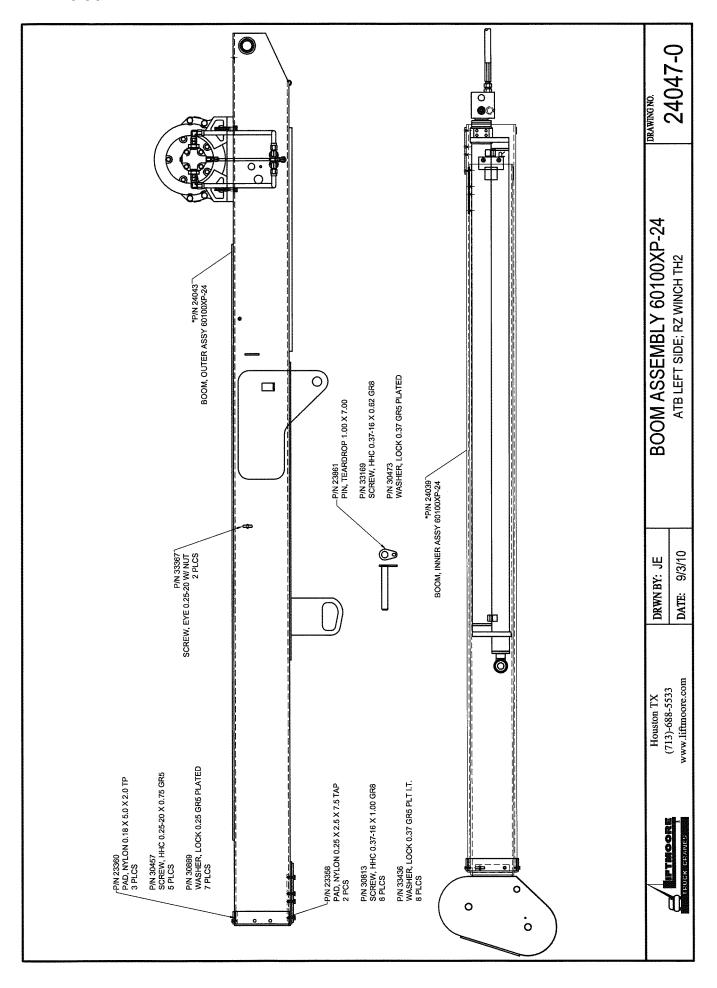


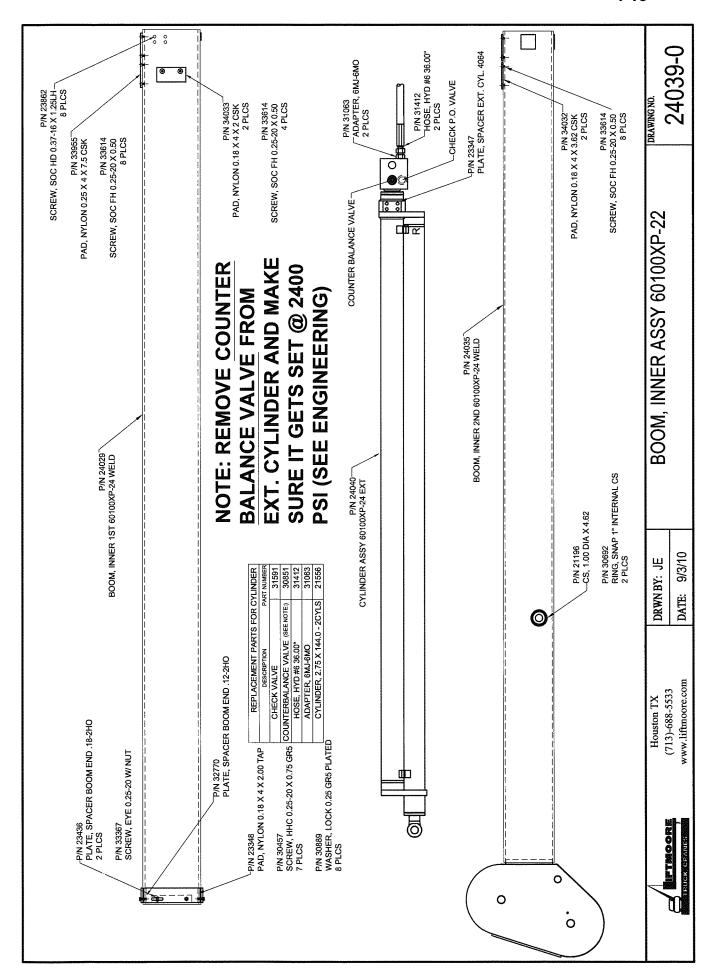


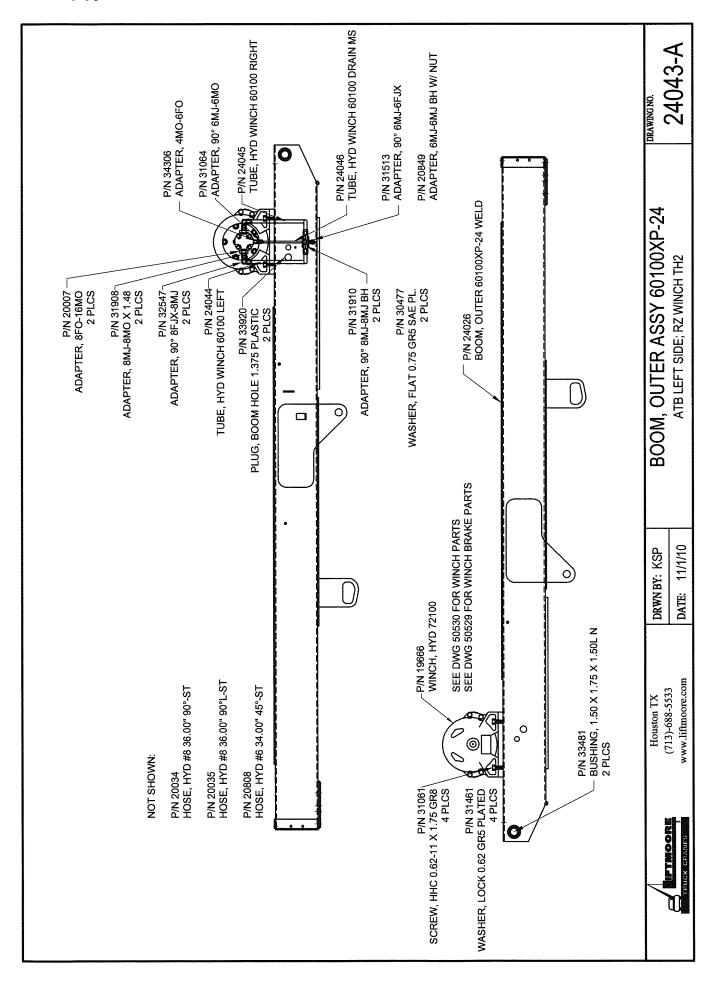


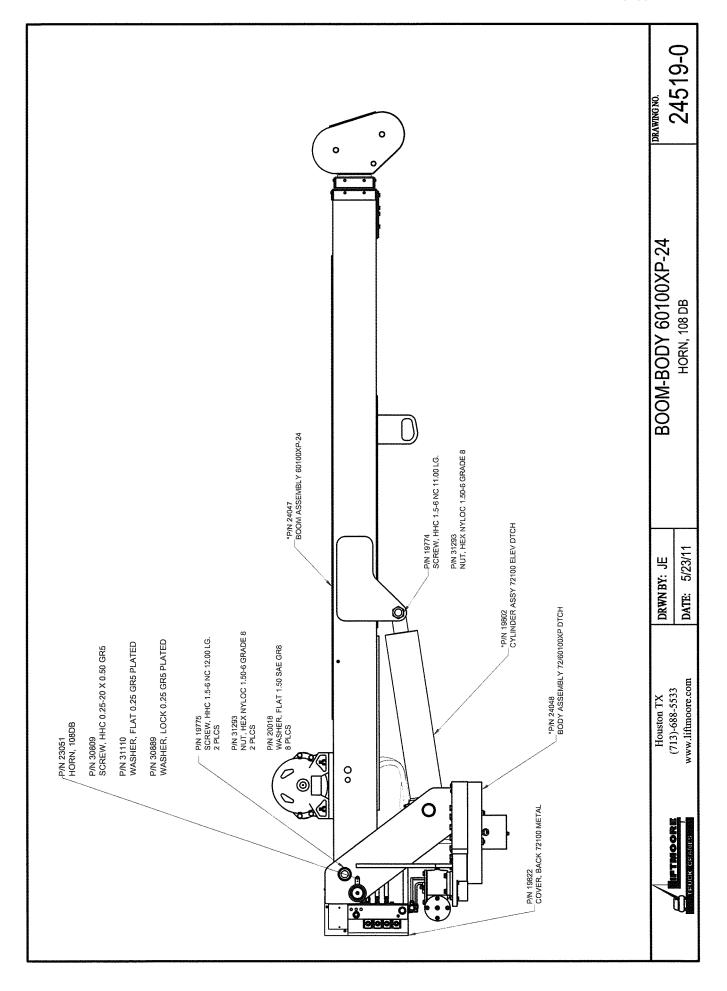


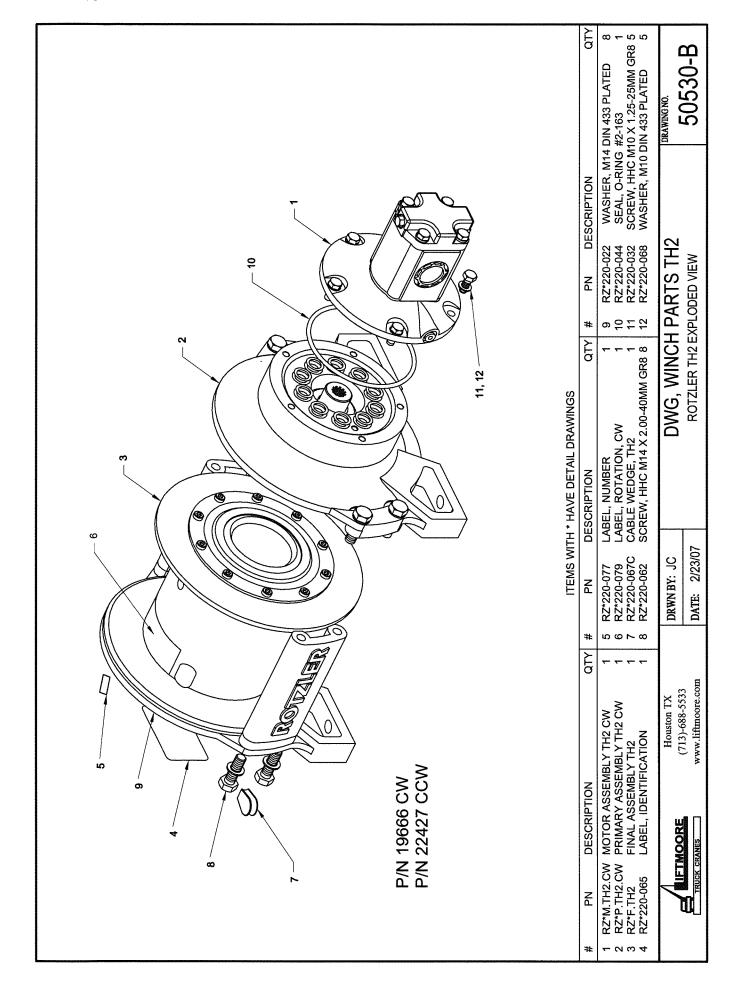


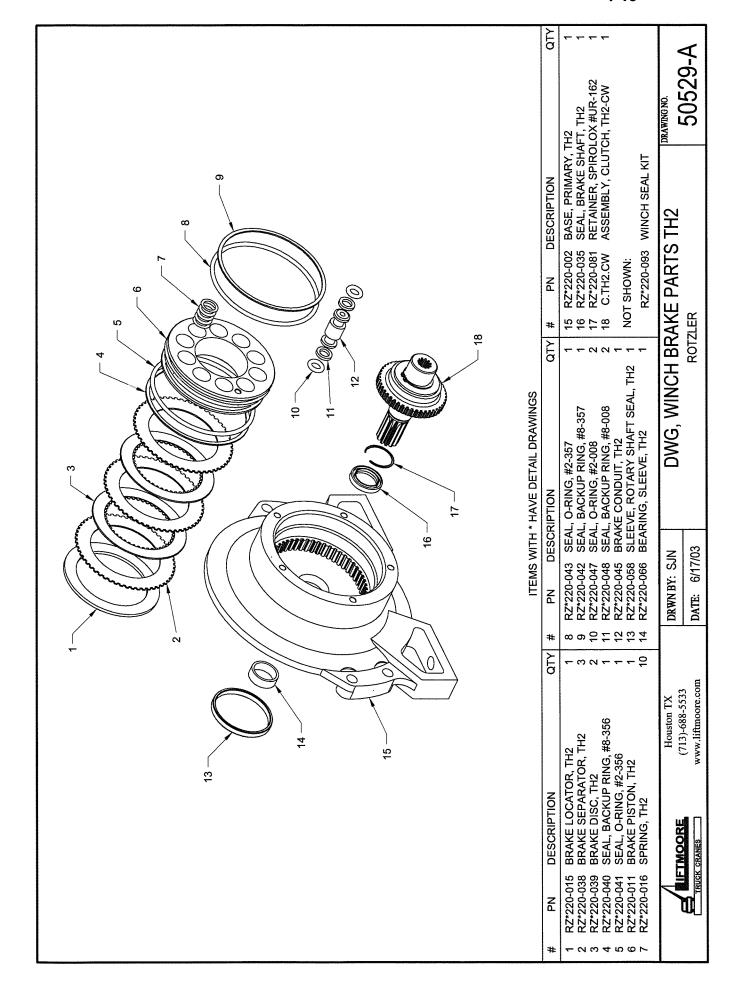


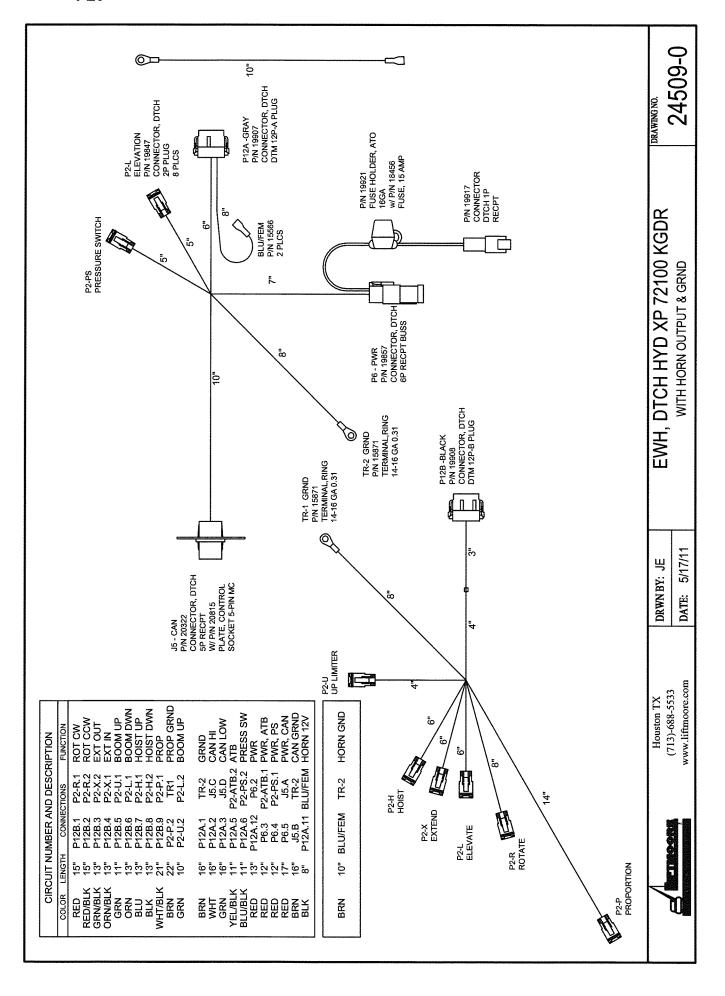


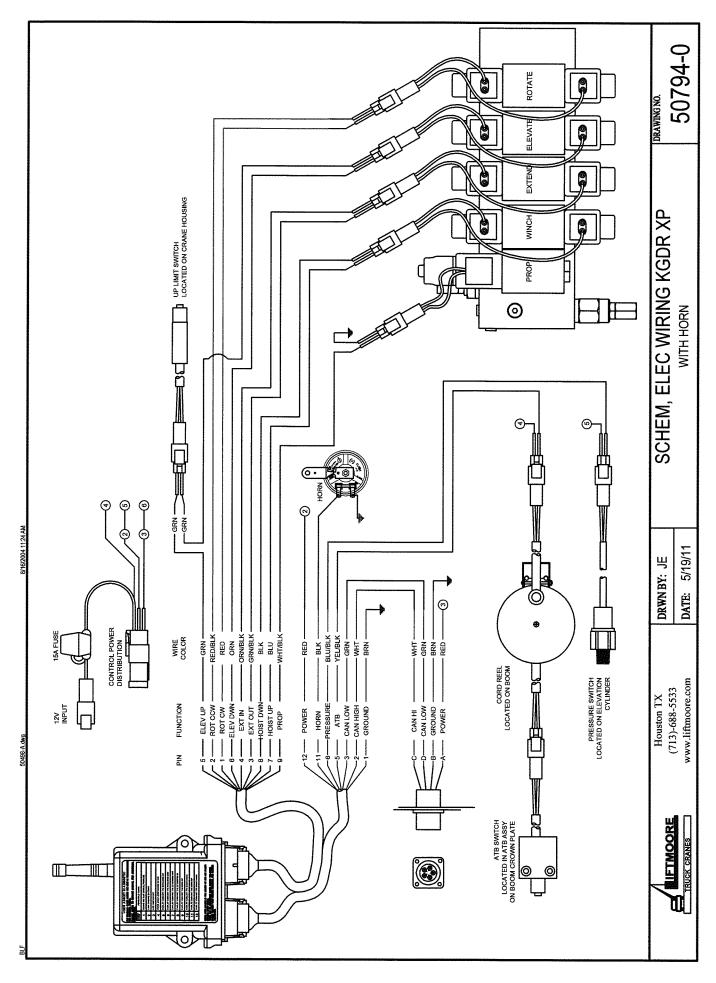


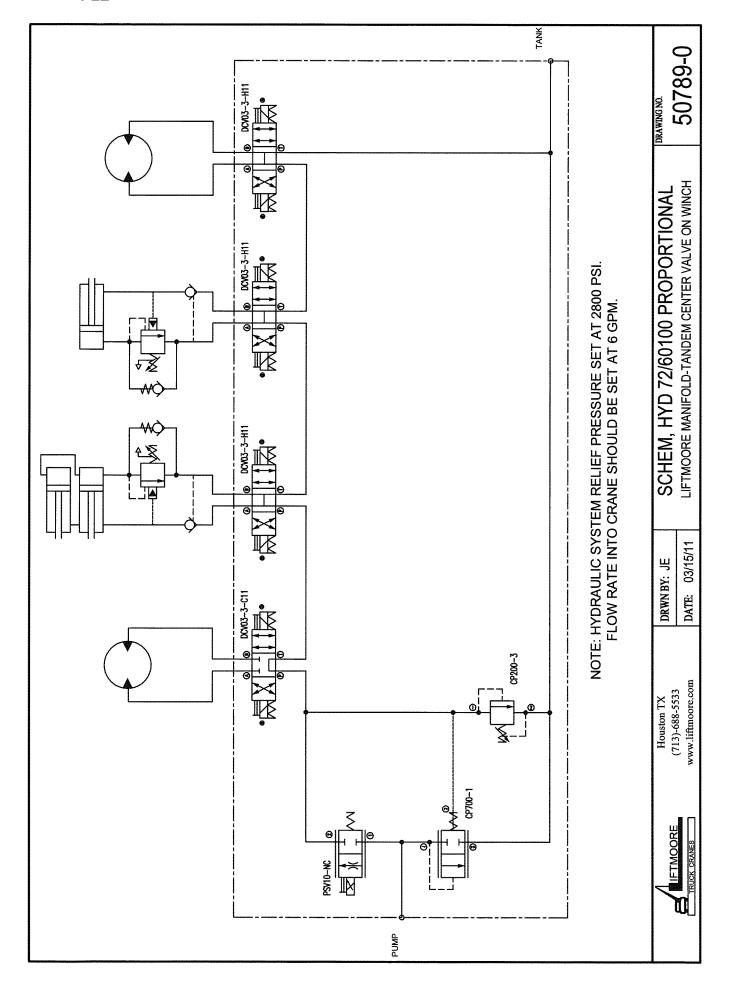


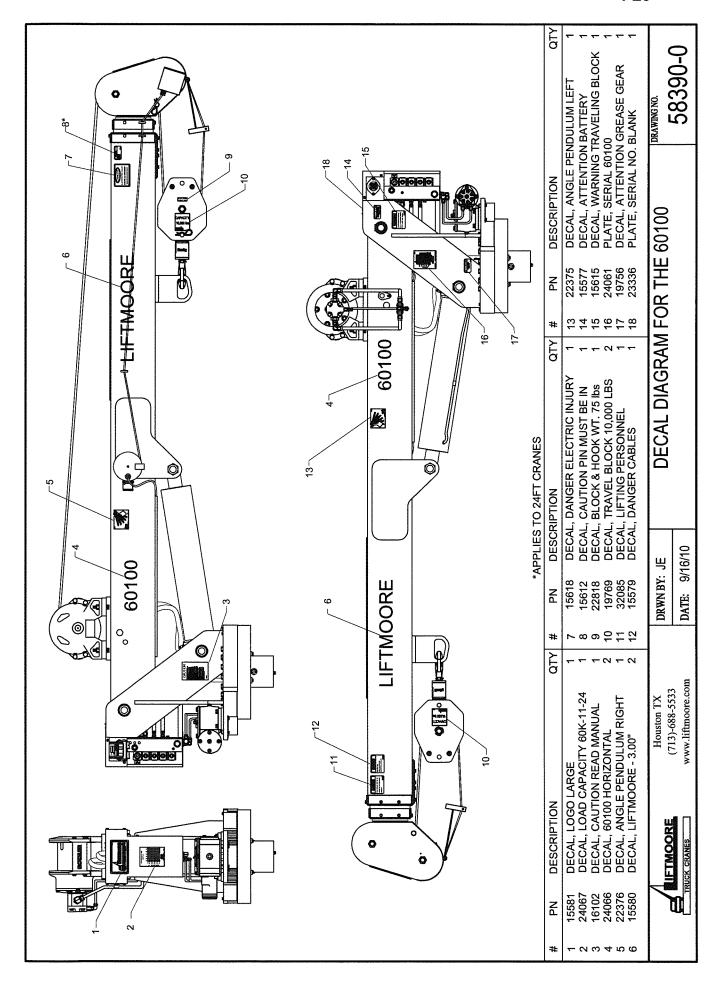












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ING IN FOR	DRWN BY:
THIS DRAW	Houston TX (713)-688-5533 www liftmone.com
	IFTMOORE TRUCK CRANES

## LIFTMOORE LIMITED WARRANTY

Parts and Structural

Liftmoore, Inc. warrants each LIFTMOORE crane to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for twelve (12) months from the date of delivery to the original customer. Under the terms of this warranty the crane structural components manufactured by LIFTMOORE, Inc. are warranted for thirty-six (36) months from the date of delivery to the original customer. LIFTMOORE, Inc. will repair or replace, as its sole discretion, any equipment or part that is returned f.o.b. to LIFTMOORE, Inc.'s plant at 7810 Pinemont Drive, Houston, Texas 77040, or to one of its authorized dealers, and is found by LIFTMOORE, Inc. or its authorized dealer to have been defective at the time of original delivery.

The foregoing warranty is the exclusive warranty made by LIFTMOORE, Inc. with respect to its cranes and is in lieu of all other warranties. ANY AND ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS OF ANY CRANE FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OPERATION, ARE HERBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED.

The foregoing warranty applies only to LIFTMOORE cranes under normal use and service and does not apply in the event of damage caused by repair or alteration or damage during shipment, accident, negligence, overloading, or misuse, including operator's failure to follow any of the instructions issued with the crane.

This warranty is limited to the original purchaser and is not assignable. In order to submit a claim, the original purchaser must provide a copy of the original invoice for the crane in question within twelve (12) months following the delivery date and within 30 days from the date of repair.

The warranty applies only when the LIFTMOORE crane is used for commercial purposes and does not cover any purchase for use for personal, family or household purposes.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: LIFTMOORE, Inc.'s liability for any losses or damages resulting from any cause whatsoever, including LIFTMOORE, Inc.'s NEGLIGENCE or from a defective crane irrespective of whether such defects are discoverable or latent, shall in no event exceed the purchase price of the crane to which losses or damages are claimed, or at the election of LIFTMOORE, Inc., the repair or replacement of the defective crane.

In no event shall LIFTMOORE, Inc. be liable for any special, incidental, or consequential damages, including commercial losses or costs of any kind sustained by purchaser or any other person or for any damages for which purchaser may be liable to other persons by reason of any defect in any LIFTMOORE crane or any part thereof.

LIFTMOORE, Inc. reserves the right to make changes in design or construction of its cranes at any time without obligating itself to make such changes on cranes previously manufactured.

No agent, employee, or representative of LIFTMOORE, Inc. has authority to amend or modify the foregoing warranty or to bind LIFTMOORE, Inc. by any other warranty, guaranty, or assumption of liability.

In the event any provision of this warranty is for any reason held ineffective, the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations and exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other legal rights that vary from state to state.



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